Math Packet Grade 6 Regular

Week 8: 5/18-5/22 Name:

Period:

Day	Assignment
Monday- Tuesday Range, Mean, Median and Mode	p. 17 worksheet
Wednesday- Thursday Identify Quadrilaterals	Reteach- p. 60 sheet
Friday- Challenge- What's the point?	p. 61 worksheet

Use with Monday's sheet - p.17



Study Guide: Statistics



*Find Mean: add up the numbers in the data set and divide by the number of items.

*Find Median: list numbers in order from smallest to largest.

The middle number is the median. If there are two middle numbers: add them up and divide by two.

*Find Mode: the number/s that occur the most in a set of data.

Find Range: subtract the smallest number from the largest number in data set.

Outlier: a data value that is much greater or much less than the others in a data set.

When should I use the above* measures of central tendency?
Use mode if there are a LOT of the same number in your data set.
Use mean if the numbers are fairly close together.
Use median if there is an OUTLIER.

Nama	Date Class
Name	<u>(8)</u>
Reteach	(8)
7-6 Quadrilaterals	
A quadrilateral is a plane figure with four si	ides and four angles.
There are special types of quadrilaterals.	
parallelogram rectangle rhombus	square trapezoid
A parallelogram has opposite sides that ar Opposite angles are also congruent.	
A rectangle is a parallelogram that has four	
A rhombus is a parallelogram with four cor	
A square is a rectangle with four congruer	
A trapezoid is a quadrilateral with exactly the best description for the figure below is	
parallelogram with four right angles.	
Give the best name for each figure. 1.	2.
3.	4.
5.	6.

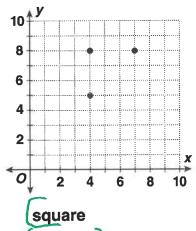
Week

Challenge

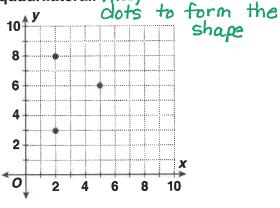
7-6 What's the Point?

For each grid below, name the ordered pair of the missing fourth point that could be used to complete the given quadrilateral. Also, connect the

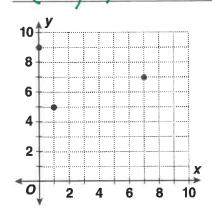
1.



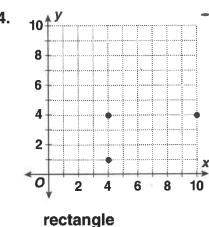
2.



3.

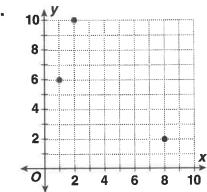


4.



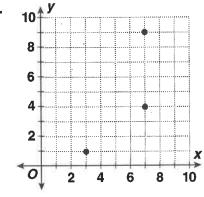
trapezoid

5.



quadrilateral

6.



rhombus

parallelogram